Six-Flower Bracelet



Edition and sample status

Version 1.0 | October 13, 2026. Prototype-ready draft. Added schedules, count clarifications and fitting methods have not been physically crocheted, worn or washed. Supplied reference images show the intended style; they are not evidence that the added construction has been tested. Complete relevant instruction and illustration pages follow the written guide. Sideways reference pages are rotated for reading; original page numbers remain visible. Charted routes and marked written alternatives must be sampled separately.

Reference size

Reference figures vary: flowers 3-4 cm, connectors 2.5-3 cm and joined body 15-17 cm. Those figures cannot all apply to a non-overlapping six-flower row.

Materials and starting hook

Reference cotton yarn, with pink, white, purple, yellow and green. Proposed smooth sport cotton and 2.5 mm hook as a starting trial; adjust for smaller motifs. Clasp and extension chain; no verified yarn total. Also use a suitable sewing needle, scissors, tape measure and removable markers. Choose the actual fastener before sizing. Listed amounts and reference diameters are planning information, not a guaranteed supply requirement or tested result for this edition. Record thread or yarn used in a trial before planning repeated gifts.

Gauge, measurement and resizing

Measure wrist circumference where the bracelet will sit. Measure fastened bracelet circumference along its centre line, including only the hardware span used when closed; measure raised flower diameter and height separately. Record stitches and rows over 10 cm on a cared-for sc swatch for bands, and motif width/centre pitch for lace or fine-thread designs. No new numerical tested gauge is established here. Use the complete construction and relevant sizing formula below, then verify the final sample. Resizing floral bands changes their foundation and spacing, not every petal count at once.

US terms and counting

ch = chain; sc = single crochet; hdc = half double crochet; dc = double crochet; tr = treble crochet (yarn over twice); dtr = double treble crochet (yarn over three times); sl st = slip stitch; MR = magic ring; st = stitch. Work each named stitch in the next available base stitch unless the directions explicitly say same stitch/space. Tall stitch: draw a loop through the base, then yarn over and draw through two loops repeatedly until one remains. The added turning ch 1 and joining slip stitches do not count as foundation stitches. Colour changes occur between specified components, not mid-row unless stated.

Reference count review

The petal sequence contains six stitches, despite a printed five-stitch label. Reference flower diameters and connector lengths also do not reconcile with the stated bracelet length. The proposed layout uses a measured support band and six motifs with sample-based spacing.

Six-flower motif schedule and proposed measured layout

Make 6 flowers, two each of pink, white and purple. Centre: with yellow, MR, ch 1 and 10 sc; join to the first sc (10). Close the ring and fasten. Join petal colour to centre stitch 1. In that stitch work sc, hdc, 2 dc, hdc, sc (6 petal stitches). Skip centre stitch 2; sl st into centre stitch 3 and work the next 6-stitch petal there. Continue in centre stitches 5, 7 and 9, skipping 4, 6, 8 and 10. Join to the first petal's first sc and fasten. There are 5 petals, each containing 6 stitches: 30 petal stitches, not 5 stitches per petal. Joining slip stitches are additional joins, not another petal.

Make 5 or 6 medium counted leaves. Make a green support band using the measured-band method below; this band is an added mounting alternative. The reference also offers separate long connectors, but six 3-4 cm flowers plus five 2.5-3 cm gaps cannot make a 15-17 cm non-overlapping strip.

Measure the blocked flower width F and the usable decorated span D on the fitted band. For six centres distributed evenly, first trial centre spacing P = (D - F) / 5. This needs D greater than F. If P is less than F, neighbouring flowers overlap by about F - P. Do not force heavy overlap: make smaller trial flowers with finer yarn/hook, reduce the decorated span requirement by using overlap deliberately, or choose a larger fitted bracelet. Changing to fewer than six flowers is a variation, not the pictured six-flower design.

Position the six centres at half a flower width from the start of the chosen span, then at increments of P. Alternate pink, white and purple twice. Sew a leaf beneath each gap or beside a centre; all leaves must remain anchored to the band. Sew flower centres to the band without locking all petal tips together. Finish and check on the curved wrist.

Reference connector option (untested): ch 8, sc in second and remaining chains (7 sc), fasten with tails and stitch both short ends to two flower bases. For a six-flower strip, five such connectors are needed, plus end fastening anchors. Calculate the whole laid-flat length from measured flowers and connectors first; do not assume the reference length table applies. This option is retained for readers exploring the original illustrated construction, not used for the proposed measured-band layout.

Measured single crochet support band (proposed)

Choose a target fastened circumference C = measured wrist W + your chosen ease E, all in centimetres. Measure the span K occupied by the clasp and closed jump rings in the actual fastening position. Target crochet length L = C - K; L must be positive. The unused tail of an extension chain is not part of K.

Make a relaxed sc swatch at least 10 cm square and count g stitches and r rows in the middle 10 cm after suitable care. First trial foundation N = round(L x g / 10) + 1 chains. Work row 1: sc in the second chain and each remaining chain, giving N - 1 sc. Row 2: ch 1, turn; sc in every stitch, giving N - 1 sc. Repeat row 2 until the band is about 1-1.5 cm wide, or until your recorded trial width. Turning ch 1 never counts as a stitch.

Rest or block as appropriate, measure the band and compare with L before attaching motifs. If it misses the target, change N by approximately round((L - measured length) x g / 10), keeping at least 2 chains. Rework the band rather than stretching it to force the fit. Record the successful N and row count. Keep both ends free of flowers for fastening.

Proposed fastening: sew a small closed jump ring through several stitches at one end with doubled matching thread, at least four passes across two neighbouring stitches. Secure the sewing tail through the band. Attach the clasp to that ring using its specified ring. Repeat for a closed ring at the other end; an extension chain may attach there. Twist rings sideways with suitable pliers, close their ends flush and check for snags. Sewn ring attachment and finished fit need sample testing. Never rely on an open crochet loop alone to carry a heavy metal fitting.

Counted oval leaf (proposed)

Use green. Medium leaf: ch 8. Starting in the second chain, work sc, hdc, dc in each of the next 3 chains, hdc, sc in the last chain: 7 stitches across all 7 usable chains. Ch 1 at the tip; rotate the work without turning it over. Work into the unused underside loops of those same 7 chains, beginning at the far end: sc, hdc, 3 dc, hdc, sc (7). Ch 1 at the base; sl st into the first sc. Fasten with a sewing tail. The perimeter has 14 crochet stitches plus 2 turning chains; the joining sl st does not add a perimeter stitch.

Small leaf: ch 6 and use sc, hdc, dc, hdc, sc on each side (5 per side, 10 total plus 2 turning chains). Large leaf: ch 10 and use sc, hdc, 5 dc, hdc, sc on each side (9 per side, 18 total plus 2 turning chains). Pinch the base gently and secure it while sewing. These three counted sizes are new sampling options, not verified replacements for every reference leaf diagram.

Placement, sewing and finishing

Position the decoration on the outward side of the band. Use removable pins only while the piece is off the wrist, then sew through motif bases and several band stitches with matching yarn. Make at least three separated anchor points for each raised flower, leaving petal tips free. Sew leaves through their central foundation and base. Do not let sewing tails or knots collect on the skin side. Secure every tail through neighbouring stitches in more than one direction; trim only after attachment checks.

Curve the completed bracelet around its wearer, open and close the fastening several times, and check that the ends stay clear of flowers. If motifs bunch, reduce overlap, move their bases or make smaller trial motifs. If a raised flower rocks or twists, add another base anchor instead of gluing it to conceal the movement. Remove every pin and check all joins for exposed ends and snags. No attachment-strength or wear test has been completed for these proposals.

Placement diagram: schematic, not to scale



Attach motif bases; keep the two fastening ends clear.

Care and use

Follow the actual yarn, thread, stiffener and fitting labels. Try cleaning on a spare motif first. If appropriate, reshape gently and dry flat without lengthwise stretching. Metal fittings, stiffened petals and crystals may need separate care; no universal machine-wash claim is made. Remove the bracelet before work or activities that could snag it. These are human-worn jewellery designs, not pet collars, leads or pet toys. Store small fittings, loose thread and needles out of pets' reach.

Troubleshooting and sample record

If petals curl unexpectedly, check counts and hook/tension on one new motif before changing the whole bracelet. If a band is too long, rework its foundation; if lace length is wrong, change complete centre-space repeats. If flowers crowd on a curved band, change placement or sample smaller motifs. Check closures after blocking. Record yarn/thread, hook, swatch gauge, motif width/height, successful foundation/repeats, closed circumference, fastener span, consumption, care result and every change. Neither a correct arithmetic count nor a photograph substitutes for a physical sample.

6-Flower Crochet Bracelet

CROCHET PATTERN



Design Overview

A DELICATE CROCHET FLOWER BRACELET



Create a beautiful handmade crochet flower bracelet featuring six pretty flowers connected with delicate green leaves. This charming bracelet is perfect for everyday wear, gifts or special occasions. The pattern is easy to follow and suitable for confident beginners. You can customize the colors to match your style or create seasonal variations.

Key Features

- Beautiful 6-flower design
- Step-by-step instructions with photos
- Beginner friendly
- Customizable colors
- Lightweight and comfortable
- Perfect for gifts and handmade markets
- Works up quickly
- Includes multiple size options

Finished Project



Product Details

Product Type	Crochet Bracelet
Design	6 Crochet Flowers with Leaves
Skill Level	Confident Beginner
Finished Length	Adjustable (16–21 cm) 6.5–8.5 inches
Flower Size	Approx. 2.5 cm (1 inch)
Bracelet Width	Approx. 2.5 cm (1 inch)
Pattern Language	English (US Terms)
Pattern Format	Digital PDF (19 Pages)
Construction	Crocheted flowers joined with leaves and finished with a clasp

Multiple Views



CLOSE-UP VIEW



BACK VIEW



CLASP DETAILS

Materials & Tools

WHAT YOU WILL NEED

Tips

- Use soft, smooth yarn for neat and detailed flowers.
- Choose colors you love!
- You can use similar materials available in your area.

Yarn Details



Light Pink (Flower Petal) | **White** (Flower Petal) | **Lavender** (Flower Petal) | **Soft Yellow** (Flower Center) | **Sage Green** (Leaves & Connectors)

Recommended Yarn

- Cotton yarn (best for clear stitches)
- Acrylic yarn (good alternative)
- Yarn weight: Light worsted or DK (Category 3)
- Soft, smooth, non-fuzzy yarn for better flower definition.

Recommended Color Palette



Light Pink (Feminine & soft) | **White** (Classic & clean) | **Lavender** (Elegant & pretty) | **Soft Yellow** (Brighter center) | **Sage Green** (Natural leaves)

Yarn Alternatives

- Cotton yarn, acrylic yarn, or cotton-acrylic blend.
- You can also use mercerized cotton for a shiny finish.
- For a softer and fluffier look, use a slightly thicker yarn and adjust the hook size.
- Choose colors based on your style, season, or outfit.

Approximate Yarn Quantity

- Each flower: very small amount of yarn (less than 1 gram each)
- Green leaves/connectors: small amount
- Total yarn used: approx. 10–15 grams in total (depending on yarn type)
- One standard skein of each color is enough to make multiple bracelets.

Tools & Accessories



Crochet Hook
Size: 2.5 – 3.0 mm
(Use the size suitable for your yarn)



Bracelet Clasp
Lobster clasp with extender chain
(Gold or silver)



Tapestry Needle
For weaving in ends



Stitch Markers
(Helpful but optional)



Small Scissors
For cutting yarn

Optional Items



Measuring Tape
(To check bracelet length)



Jump Rings
(If needed for clasp)



Bead End Caps
(For a neat finish)

Yarn Color Guide

COLORS, AMOUNTS & SUGGESTIONS

Main Colors Used in This Pattern



Light Pink
For flower petals



White
For flower petals



Lavender
For flower petals



Soft Yellow
For flower centers



Sage Green
For leaves & connectors

Bracelet Color Arrangement



Pink → White → Lavender → Pink → White → Lavender

Approximate Yarn Amounts

Color	Usage	Approximate Amount
Light Pink	2 flowers	2–3 grams
White	2 flowers	2–3 grams
Lavender	2 flowers	2–3 grams
Soft Yellow	6 flower centers	Less than 1 gram
Sage Green	Leaves & connectors	3–4 grams total

Yarn Recommendations

- Use soft, smooth yarn for neat and detailed flowers.
- Cotton yarn gives the best stitch definition and shape.
- Acrylic yarn is also a good alternative.
- Recommended yarn weight: Light worsted or DK (Category 3).
- Use non-fuzzy yarn so the flower petals look clear and defined.
- You can also use mercerized cotton for a slightly shiny and elegant finish.

Yarn Alternatives

- 100% cotton yarn (best for structure)
- Acrylic yarn (budget-friendly)
- Cotton-acrylic blend (soft and durable)
- Mercerized cotton (shiny and elegant)
- Choose colors based on your style, season, or outfit.
- You can also use pastel, bright or neutral colors to create different looks.

Alternative Color Combinations



Pastel Mix



Bright Mix



Neutral Mix



Romantic Mix

Color Changing Tips

- Fasten off each flower with a long tail for easy joining.
- Use the same green color for all leaves and connectors for a consistent look.
- Feel free to customize the flower colors to match your outfit, season or gift theme.

Abbreviations & Stitch Guide

COMMON TERMS AND EASY EXPLANATIONS

Common Crochet Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Full Term	Explanation
MR	Magic Ring	A adjustable ring to start your work in rounds
ch	Chain	Basic stitch to create a chain
sl st	Slip Stitch	Joins stitches or moves to next stitch
sc	Single Crochet	A short and tight stitch
hdc	Half Double Crochet	A medium height stitch
dc	Double Crochet	A taller stitch than hdc
tr	Treble Crochet	A tall stitch (yarn over twice)
inc	Increase	2 stitches in the same stitch
dec	Decrease	Join 2 stitches together
FLO	Front Loop Only	Work into the front loop of the stitch
BLO	Back Loop Only	Work into the back loop of the stitch
rep	Repeat	Do the instructions again
st	Stitch	One crochet stitch
sts	Stitches	More than one stitch

Basic Stitches with Photos



Magic Ring (MR)

Make a ring and work stitches into the ring.



Chain (ch)

Yarn over and pull through the loop.



Slip Stitch (sl st)

Insert hook, yarn over and pull through both loops.



Single Crochet (sc)

Insert hook, yarn over, pull through (2 loops on hook), yarn over, pull through both.



Half Double Crochet (hdc)

Yarn over, insert hook, pull through, yarn over, pull through all 3 loops.



Double Crochet (dc)

Yarn over, insert hook, pull through, yarn over, pull through 2 loops, yarn over, pull through last 2 loops.



Treble Crochet (tr)

Yarn over twice, insert hook, pull through, yarn over, pull through 2 loops (3 times).



Increase (inc)

Make 2 single crochets in the same stitch.



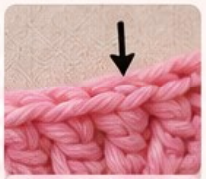
Decrease (dec)

Insert hook into next 2 stitches, yarn over and pull through, yarn over and pull through all loops (2 stitches joined).



Front Loop Only (FLO)

Work into only the front loop (top loop).



Back Loop Only (BLO)

Work into only the back loop (bottom loop).

Working in Rounds



1. Start with a magic ring.



2. Complete the round following the instructions.



3. Use a stitch marker to mark the first stitch.

Color Changing



1. Finish the last stitch with the new color.



2. Continue crocheting with the new color.



3. Fasten off the previous color neatly at the back.

Fastening Off



1. Cut the yarn leaving a long tail.



2. Pull the yarn through the last loop to secure.

Gauge, Tension & Bracelet Sizing

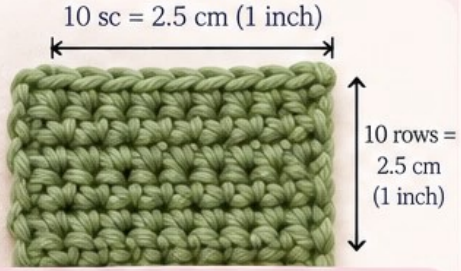
GET THE PERFECT FIT

Recommended Hook & Yarn



- Recommended hook size: 2.5 – 3.0 mm (Use the size suitable for your yarn)
- Yarn weight: Light worsted or DK (Category 3)
- Use a soft, smooth, non-fuzzy yarn for clear and detailed flowers.

Stitch Gauge



Gauge: 10 sc x 10 rows = 2.5 cm (1 inch)
This gauge is a guide. Your gauge may vary based on yarn and hook size.

How to Make a Gauge Swatch



Ch 12 and work 10 rows of single crochet (sc).



Measure the swatch. Adjust your hook size if your gauge is larger or smaller.

Measuring Your Wrist



- Use a soft measuring tape.
- Wrap it around your wrist where you want to wear the bracelet.
- Note the measurement in centimetres or inches.
- Add 1–2 cm (0.5–1 inch) for a comfortable fit.

Finished Bracelet Measurements



(Adjustable with clasp and extender chain)

Size Options

Size	Wrist Size	Finished Length (with clasp)	Recommended Chain Extension
Small	14 – 15 cm (5.5 – 6 in)	16 cm (6.5 in)	3 cm (1 in)
Standard	16 – 17 cm (6 – 6.5 in)	18 cm (7 in)	3 cm (1 in)
Large	18 – 19 cm (7 – 7.5 in)	20 cm (8 in)	3 cm (1 in)
Extra Large	19 – 20 cm (7.5 – 8 in)	21 cm (8.5 in)	3–4 cm (1–1.5 in)

The bracelet has an adjustable clasp with an extender chain, so it can fit a range of wrist sizes.



How Hook Size Affects the Size



2.0 mm
Smaller flowers (tighter stitches)



2.5 mm
Standard size **(recommended)**



3.0 mm
Larger flowers (looser stitches)

How Yarn Type Affects the Size



Cotton Yarn
(Neat and defined flowers)



Acrylic Yarn
(Slightly larger and softer look)

Tips for the Perfect Fit

- Make a gauge swatch to ensure your flowers turn out the right size.
- Use the recommended hook and yarn for best results.
- If your bracelet feels tight, add extra chain links in the extender.
- You can adjust the number of chain stitches between flowers to make the bracelet longer or shorter.
- Try it on while making to get your desired fit.

Notes Before Starting

IMPORTANT TIPS FOR A BEAUTIFUL RESULT

1. Read the Entire Pattern



Take a few minutes to read through the whole pattern before you start. This will help you understand the steps and prepare your materials.

2. Maintain Consistent Tension



Keep your stitches tight and even throughout the project. Consistent tension helps your flowers look neat and the bracelet hold its shape.

3. Use Stitch Markers



Stitch markers are helpful to mark the first stitch of each round, especially when making the flower petals and leaves.

4. Manage Color Changes



When changing colors, finish the last stitch with the new color. This keeps the color change neat and prevents gaps in your stitches.

5. Leave Long Tails



Leave a long tail (about 10–15 cm) when you finish each flower. This will be used later to join the flowers and weave in the ends securely.

6. Keep Flowers Aligned



Place the flowers in the same direction before joining. Make sure all flowers face forward for a neat and balanced look.

7. Prepare the Clasp



Attach the clasp and extension chain after joining all the flowers and leaves. Make sure it is secure so your bracelet is comfortable and long-lasting.

8. Keep Symmetrical Shapes



Try to keep all flower petals similar in size. This will make your bracelet look smooth, even and professional.

9. Common Mistakes to Avoid



- Do not pull the yarn too tight.
- Do not skip stitches.
- Do not use fuzzy yarn (it hides the stitch definition).
- Do not join flowers in different directions.

10. Finishing Tips



- Weave in all yarn ends neatly using a yarn needle.
- Make sure the back side looks tidy.
- Trim any extra yarn.
- Check that the clasp is firmly attached.

How to Hold Your Yarn



Pencil Grip
(Most comfortable for beginners)



Finger Wrap Method
(Helps maintain even tension)

Example of Correct Tension



Correct Tension
(Neat and even stitches)



Too Tight / Uneven Tension
(Stitches look smaller or messy)

Before You Begin Checklist

- [ ] I have read the entire pattern.
- [ ] I have all the materials and tools ready.
- [ ] I have chosen my yarn colors.
- [ ] I have made a small gauge swatch (optional).
- [ ] I understand the abbreviations and stitches.
- [ ] I am ready to start my first flower!

Flower Construction

STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE

In this section, you will learn how to make one 5-petal flower. Repeat to make more flowers in different colors.

Flower Overview



- Each flower has 5 petals.
- The center is made in a different color (yellow).
- The petals are crocheted in a second color of your choice.
- Make multiple flowers in different colors for your bracelet.
- Leave a long tail (10–15 cm) for joining.

Part 1: Make the Flower Center



Make a Magic Ring

Create a magic ring with yellow yarn.



Round 1

Ch 1 (does not count as a stitch), make 10 sc into the ring. (10 stitches)



Close the Ring

Pull the tail to close the ring. Join with sl st to the first sc.



Finished Center

You should have 10 single crochet stitches forming a small circle.

Center Instructions (Written)

Using yellow yarn:

1. Make a magic ring.
2. Ch 1, make 10 sc into the ring. (10)
3. Pull the tail to close the ring.
4. Join with sl st to the first sc.
5. Fasten off or continue with petal color.

Part 2: Make the Petals (5 Petals Total)



Join Petal Color

Attach your petal color in any stitch. Ch 1.



Petal Stitch Sequence

In the same stitch make: 1 sc, 1 hdc, 2 dc, 1 hdc, 1 sc.



Complete First Petal

You will have 1 petal with 5 stitches.



Skip & Attach Next Petal

Skip 1 stitch on the center. Sl st into the next stitch, ch 1, and repeat the petal stitch sequence.



Repeat Around

Make 5 petals in total, skipping 1 stitch between each petal.



Finished Flower

Join with sl st to the first sc of the first petal. Fasten off and leave a long tail (10–15 cm) for joining.

Petal Instructions (Written)

Using your petal color:

1. Attach yarn in any stitch on the center. Ch 1.
2. In the same stitch: 1 sc, 1 hdc, 2 dc, 1 hdc, 1 sc.
3. Skip 1 stitch, sl st in next stitch, ch 1.
4. Repeat step 2 around to make 5 petals.
5. Join with sl st to the first sc of the first petal.
6. Fasten off and leave a long tail (10–15 cm).

Petal Stitch Count

Round	Stitches	Total Stitches
Center (Rnd 1)	10 sc	10
Each Petal	1 sc, 1 hdc, 2 dc, 1 hdc, 1 sc	5 stitches per petal
Total Petals	Repeat 5 times	5 petals

Finished 5-Petal Flower



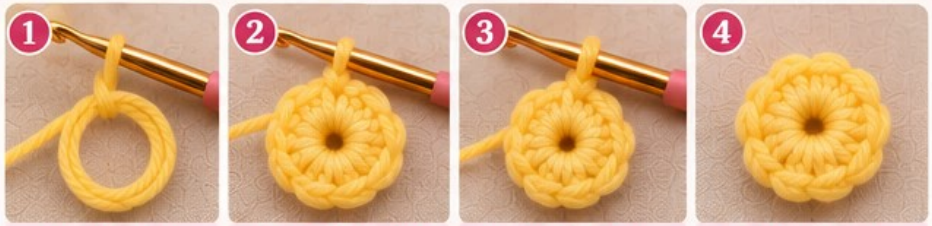
Approximate Size
3–4 cm
(1 – 1.5 inches)

Your flower should look like this! The size may vary depending on your yarn and hook.

Flower Center & Petal Details

CLOSE-UP GUIDE FOR A PERFECT FLOWER

1. Flower Center Details



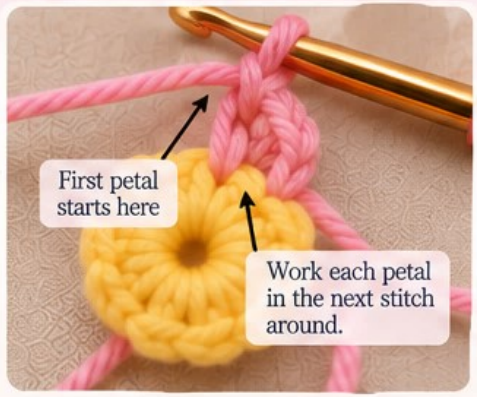
Magic Ring
Make a magic ring with yellow yarn.

10 Single Crochet
Ch 1, make 10 sc into the ring. (10 stitches)

Close the Ring
Pull the tail to close the ring. Join with sl st to the first sc.

Finished Center
You should have a neat and firm center with 10 stitches.

2. Petal Stitch Placement



3. Petal Stitch Sequence (One Petal)



Ch 1
Attach petal color in any stitch. Ch 1.

1 sc in same st

1 hdc in same st

2 dc in same st

1 hdc, 1 sc in same st

4. Completing All 5 Petals



First Petal
Complete first petal as shown on page 8.

Second Petal
Work the second petal in the next stitch.

Third Petal
Continue in the next stitch.

Fourth Petal
Make the fourth petal.

Fifth Petal
Make the fifth petal. Join with sl st to first sc and fasten off.

5. Front and Back View



Front View
All 5 petals are even and rounded.

Back View
The back will look like a small circle with neat stitches.

6. Flower Size Check



Approximate Size
3–4 cm
(1 – 1.5 inches)

7. Tips for Perfect Petals



Keep stitches in the same stitch.

Make sure each petal is rounded and the same size.

Keep your tension even throughout.

Try making a few practice flowers to get consistent results.

8. Common Mistakes to Avoid



Stitches are too tight (makes the petal curl).

Stitches are too loose (makes the petal flat).

Uneven petal sizes (keep your tension the same).

9. Finishing and Securing Ends



1. After finishing the flower, leave a long tail (10–15 cm).
2. Use a yarn needle to weave in any extra ends neatly on the back.
3. Do not cut the tails too short.
4. Make sure the back looks tidy and secure.

Leaves & Green Connectors

STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE

1. Leaf Overview

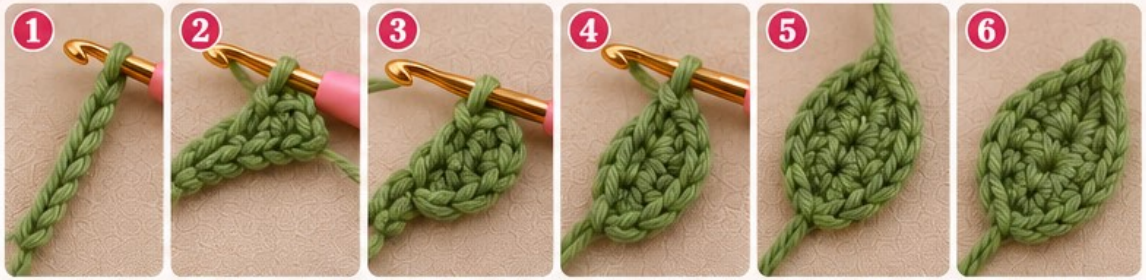


- The leaves are small and simple.
- They are worked in green yarn using basic stitches.
- Each leaf is attached between two flowers.
- Make as many leaves as needed for your bracelet.
- Leave a long tail (10–15 cm) for joining.

2. Leaf Stitch Instructions (Written)

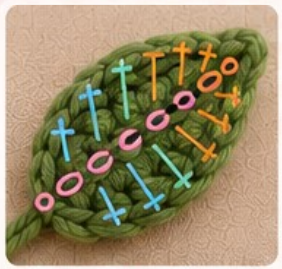
1. Ch 6.
2. In the 2nd ch from hook: 1 sl st, 1 sc, 1 hdc, 1 dc, 1 hdc.
3. Make 3 dc in the last chain.
4. Continue on the other side of the chain: 1 hdc, 1 dc, 1 hdc, 1 sc, 1 sl st.
5. Fasten off and leave a long tail (10–15 cm).

3. Step-by-Step Leaf Photos



1. Ch 6.
2. In the 2nd ch from hook: 1 sl st, 1 sc, 1 hdc, 1 dc, 1 hdc.
3. Make 3 dc in the last chain.
4. Continue on the other side: 1 hdc, 1 dc, 1 hdc, 1 sc, 1 sl st.
5. Fasten off and leave a long tail.
6. Finished leaf.

4. Leaf Diagram & Stitch Count



- Chain (ch)
- Slip stitch (sl st)
- Single crochet (sc)
- Half double crochet (hdc)
- Double crochet (dc)

Total Stitches: 11 stitches (per leaf)
Finished Size: approx. 2.5 – 3.5 cm (1 –1.4 inches)

5. Finished Leaf Views



Front View
The front will have a neat, textured look.

Back View
The back will look slightly different but still neat.

6. Green Connector (Stem / Chain)



- Make a chain of 3–5 (depending on the spacing you want).
- This chain connects one flower to the next.
- You can also add a small leaf on top of the chain.
- Keep your tension even so the bracelet looks neat.
- The chain should be flexible but not too loose.

7. Attaching Leaf to Bracelet



1. Place the leaf in the same direction as the flowers.
2. Use a yarn needle or hook to attach the leaf with sl st.
3. Make sure the leaf is secure and lying flat.

8. Leaf Placement in Bracelet



Example of correct leaf placement between flowers.

9. Tips for Perfect Leaves

- Keep your stitches even and not too tight.
- Use the same yarn and hook as the flowers.
- Make all leaves the same size for a neat look.
- Do not skip stitches.
- Leave a long tail for joining.
- If your leaf curls, try using a slightly larger hook.
- You can block the leaf gently with your fingers to shape it.

Making All 6 Flowers

STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE WITH COLOR SEQUENCE

1. Color Sequence for 6 Flowers

Make 6 flowers in the following color order.



1	2	3	4	5	6
Flower 1 Light Pink	Flower 2 White	Flower 3 Lavender	Flower 4 Light Pink	Flower 5 White	Flower 6 Lavender

2. Materials & Stitch Count (Per Flower)



Center color	Yellow
Petal color	As per sequence
Total petals	5 petals per flower
Center stitches	10 sc (in magic ring)
Petal stitches	1 sc, 1 hdc, 2 dc, 1 hdc, 1 sc (per petal)
Total stitches (per flower)	Center: 10 sc Each petal: 5 stitches (5 petals total)

3. Individual Flowers – Examples

Follow the same steps (pages 8–9) to make each flower. Only change the petal color.



Flower 1 Light Pink	Flower 2 White	Flower 3 Lavender	Flower 4 Light Pink	Flower 5 White	Flower 6 Lavender

4. Keep All Flowers the Same Size

- Use the same yarn and hook for all flowers.
- Keep your tension consistent.
- Make 10 stitches in the center for all flowers.
- Make 5 petals for each flower.
- Try to keep the petals the same size and shape.
- Block the flowers gently with your fingers if needed.
- Leave a long tail (10–15 cm) on each flower for joining.

5. Leaving Tails for Joining



After finishing each flower, do not cut the yarn too short. Leave a long tail so you can easily attach the flowers to the bracelet later.

6. Progress Tracker

Flower	Color	Completed
1	Light Pink	☐
2	White	☐
3	Lavender	☐
4	Light Pink	☐
5	White	☐
6	Lavender	☐

7. All 6 Flowers Together



This is the final flower arrangement that will be joined with green leaves and a clasp to make the bracelet.

8. Tips for Consistent Results

- Use the same hook size throughout.
- Do not pull the yarn too tight.
- Make neat and even stitches.
- Ensure all petals are similar in size.
- Check that the center circles are the same size.
- Keep your yarn tails long for joining.
- If a flower looks bigger or smaller, adjust your tension and try again.

Crochet Bracelet Base & Connections

STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE

1. Bracelet Base Overview



- The bracelet is made by joining 6 flowers with green connecting chains and leaves.
- Each flower is connected with a short chain section.
- The bracelet is flexible and comfortable to wear.
- Follow the steps below to make the base and connectors.

2. Green Connector Chain (Between Flowers)



Ch 8

Make 8 chain stitches for the connector (between flowers).



Row 1

In the 2nd ch from hook: 1 sc in each ch across. (7 sc)



Finished Connector

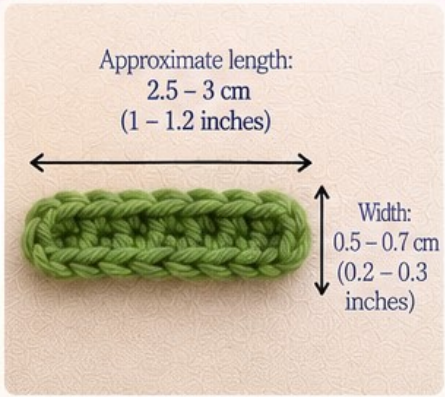
You should have 7 sc. This is one connector.



Connector with Leaves

Add a leaf on each end if desired (optional). See leaf instructions on page 10.

3. Connector Size



4. Adding Leaves to Connectors (Optional)



Make the Leaf

Follow the leaf instructions from page 10.



Attach to Connector

Sl st to attach the leaf at the end of the connector.



Make a second leaf

Make another leaf on the other end of the connector.



Finished Connector

This is how the connector will look with leaves on both ends.

5. Connector Placement Between Flowers



Top View

Attach the connector between two flowers using slip stitches.



Back View

Make sure the connector is firmly attached but still flexible.

6. Joining the First Three Flowers



Attach First Connector

Sl st to the side of the first flower. Add the connector (7 sc) and sl st to the second flower.



Join Second Connector

Add another connector and attach the third flower in the same way.



Three Flowers Connected

You should now have Flower 1 – Connector – Flower 2 – Connector – Flower 3.

7. Joining the Remaining Three Flowers



Continue the Pattern

Add connectors and attach Flower 4, Flower 5 and Flower 6 in the same way.



All 6 Flowers Connected

You should now have all 6 flowers joined with green connectors.

8. Finished Bracelet Base (Before Clasp)



Total Length (without clasp):
approx. 15 – 17 cm
(5.9 – 6.7 inches)

9. Tips for a Flexible and Neat Base

- Keep your chain and sc stitches even for all connectors.
- Make sure the connectors are the same size.
- Do not pull the yarn too tight.
- Use the same side of the flower for attachment.
- Add leaves if you want a more natural look.
- Check that the bracelet can bend comfortably.
- Make sure all flowers are facing the same direction.
- Keep yarn tails long for securing and the clasp.

Joining the Six Flowers

STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE

1. Layout Before Joining



Flower 1	Flower 2	Flower 3	Flower 4	Flower 5	Flower 6
Light Pink	White	Lavender	Light Pink	White	Lavender

Arrange all 6 flowers and green connectors in the correct order before joining.

2. Joining Flower 1 and Flower 2



1. Place the connector between Flower 1 and Flower 2.
2. Insert the hook into the side stitch of Flower 1.
3. Slip stitch (sl st) to attach the connector.
4. Repeat on the other side with Flower 2.

3. Joining Flower 2 and Flower 3



1. Place the next connector between Flower 2 and Flower 3.
2. Insert the hook into the side stitch of Flower 2.
3. Make a slip stitch to attach.
4. Attach the other side to Flower 3.

4. Continue Joining All Flowers



1. Join Flower 3 and 4 in the same way.
2. Join Flower 4 and 5 in the same way.
3. Join Flower 5 and 6 in the same way.
4. All 6 flowers should now be joined with green connectors.

5. Back View (Joined Flowers)



The back will look neat and slightly different, but the connectors should be firmly attached.

6. Front View (Joined Flowers)



All 6 flowers are now joined together forming the bracelet.

7. Check Length and Fit



Total length (without clasp):
approx. 15 – 17 cm
(5.9 – 6.7 inches)

8. Tips for Joining

- Use the same stitch (sl st) for all joins.
- Keep your stitching even.
- Do not pull the yarn too tight.
- Make sure all flowers face the same direction.
- Check the bracelet can bend easily.
- Adjust the connector length if needed.
- Keep the yarn tails long for securing later.
- Your bracelet should have 6 flowers and 5 green connectors.

Clasp & Extender Chain Attachment

STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE

1. Materials Needed



Lobster clasp (1 pc) | Extender chain (1 pc) | Jump ring (2 pcs)

2. Identify the Bracelet Ends



3. Attaching the Lobster Clasp



1. Open a jump ring and insert it into the last stitch of the green end.
2. Attach the lobster clasp to the jump ring.
3. Close the jump ring securely using pliers.
4. Finished clasp attachment.

4. Attaching the Extender Chain



1. Open a jump ring and insert it into the last stitch of the other green end.
2. Attach the extender chain to the jump ring.
3. Close the jump ring securely using pliers.
4. Finished extender chain attachment.

5. Close-up Views



6. Back View



7. Bracelet with Clasp and Extender Chain



Total adjustable length: approx. 15 – 20 cm
(5.9 – 7.9 inches)

8. Adjustable Fit



You can adjust the size using the extender chain to fit comfortably on your wrist.

9. Tips for a Strong and Secure Attachment

- Use sturdy jump rings and close them properly.
- Make sure the jump ring goes through the last stitch of the green end.
- Use pliers to close the jump rings (do not leave gaps).
- Keep the yarn tail inside the stitches for extra strength.
- Check that the clasp opens and closes smoothly.
- Ensure the extender chain is securely attached.
- Gently pull both ends to check the strength.
- Adjust the extender chain length if needed.
- Your bracelet should be flexible and comfortable to wear.

10. Final Check



- Clasp is secure
- Extender chain is secure
- No loose stitches
- Bracelet opens and closes easily
- Length is adjustable
- Finished and ready to wear!

Complete Assembly Tutorial

BRINGING EVERYTHING TOGETHER

1. Gather All the Pieces



Make sure you have 6 flowers, 5 green connectors and 2 small leaf pieces (for the ends), plus a lobster clasp and extender chain.

2. Arrange in the Correct Order



Place the flowers and connectors in the correct color sequence:
Light Pink – White – Lavender – Light Pink – White – Lavender.

3. Join the Flowers and Connectors



Attach each connector between the flowers using slip stitches as shown on pages 13–14. Repeat for all flowers.

4. Add the End Leaves (Optional)



Attach a leaf on each end if desired. Follow the leaf instructions from page 10.

5. Attach the Lobster Clasp



Attach the lobster clasp to one end using a jump ring. See page 14 for detailed steps.

6. Attach the Extender Chain



Attach the extender chain to the other end using a jump ring. See page 14 for detailed steps.

7. Check Both Sides



8. Final Assembly – Step by Step



Arrange all 6 flowers and 5 connectors.



Join the flowers one by one in order.



Add leaves at both ends (optional).



Attach the lobster clasp.



Attach the extender chain.



Check the front and back views.



Shape into a gentle curve for a natural look.



Complete and ready to wear!

9. Finished Bracelet – Full View



This is the complete assembled bracelet.

10. Assembly Checklist

- [x] All 6 flowers are joined in the correct order.
- [x] 5 green connectors are attached.
- [x] Leaves added at both ends (optional).
- [x] Lobster clasp attached securely.
- [x] Extender chain attached securely.
- [x] All stitches are even and neat.
- [x] No loose ends or gaps.
- [x] Front and back look neat.
- [x] Bracelet is flexible and comfortable.
- [x] Length is adjustable.
- [x] Finished and ready to wear!

Finishing, Shaping & Blocking

MAKE YOUR BRACELET LOOK PERFECT

1. Adjust the Flower Petals



Gently adjust each petal to make it even and nicely shaped. Use your fingers or a crochet hook to open and arrange the petals.

2. Shape the Leaves and Connectors



Make sure the leaves are flat and facing the right direction. Adjust the green connectors so they sit neatly between the flowers.

3. Gentle Blocking (Optional)



If petals or leaves look curled, gently block them by lightly wetting with clean water, shaping with your fingers, and letting them air dry completely.

4. Make the Bracelet Curve Naturally



Gently shape the bracelet into a natural curve so it sits comfortably on your wrist.

5. Weave in and Hide Yarn Ends



Weave in the yarn end with a tapestry needle.

Hidden yarn end (Back view).

6. Check the Back for Neatness



Make sure all stitches are neat and there are no loose ends or gaps.

7. Secure Any Loose Stitches



If you find any loose stitches, gently tighten them and secure with a few extra stitches.

8. Final Clasp and Connector Check



Make sure the clasp and extender chain are firmly attached and open/close smoothly.

9. Before and After – Full Bracelet





10. Cleaning and Care

- If needed, gently clean with a damp cloth. Do not soak the bracelet.
- Let it air dry completely.
- Keep away from strong sunlight for long periods.
- Store in a clean, dry place.
- Keep in a small pouch or jewellery box to maintain its shape.
- Handle with care to keep the stitches looking neat and beautiful.

11. Final Checklist

- [x] All 6 flowers are shaped and even.
- [x] Leaves are flat and in the correct position.
- [x] Green connectors are neat and secure.
- [x] Yarn ends are hidden.
- [x] Petals look full and well shaped.
- [x] Clasp and extender chain are firmly attached.
- [x] Bracelet opens and closes smoothly.
- [x] Both front and back look neat.
- [x] Bracelet is flexible and comfortable to wear.
- [x] The final length is as desired.
- [x] Finished and ready to wear or gift!

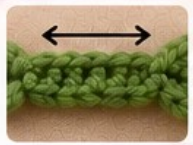
Size Modification & Troubleshooting

ADJUST THE SIZE AND SOLVE COMMON PROBLEMS

1. Different Bracelet Sizes



2. How to Make It Smaller

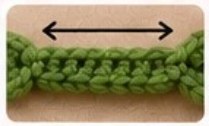


Use shorter connectors (5 – 6 chain stitches instead of 7).



Use a shorter extender chain or remove a few chain links.

3. How to Make It Larger



Use longer connectors (8 – 10 chain stitches instead of 7).



Use a longer extender chain for extra length.

4. Changing Flower Size



Smaller Flower
Use thinner yarn or smaller hook size.



Larger Flower
Use thicker yarn or larger hook size.

5. Effect of Yarn and Hook Size

Yarn Type	Hook Size (Example)	Result
Fine yarn	2.0 – 2.5 mm	Smaller flowers and thinner bracelet
Medium yarn (recommended)	3.0 – 3.5 mm	Standard size, well-shaped flowers
Chunky yarn	4.0 – 5.0 mm	Larger flowers and thicker bracelet

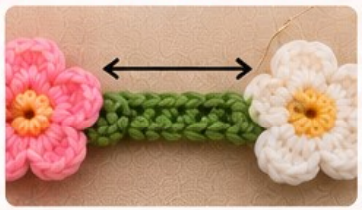
6. Wrist Fitting Guide



Measure your wrist and add 1.5 – 2 cm (0.6 – 0.8 inches) for a comfortable fit.

Example:
Wrist size: 15 cm
Add 2 cm
Total bracelet length: 17 cm (6.7 inches)

7. Adjusting Connector Length



Standard: 7 chain stitches

Smaller: 5 – 6 chain stitches

Larger: 8 – 10 chain stitches

8. Common Problems and Solutions

Uneven Petals



Problem: Petals look uneven or different sizes.

Solution: Count your stitches carefully and keep tension even.

Wrong Stitch Count



Problem: Flower has too many or too few stitches.

Solution: Follow the stitch count given in the instructions.

Curling Flowers



Problem: Flowers curl or do not sit flat.

Solution: Block the flower gently with water and let it dry completely.

Loose Connectors



Problem: Connectors feel loose or stretched.

Solution: Use the recommended number of chain stitches and keep your tension even.

Flowers Facing Different Directions



Problem: Flowers are not facing the same way.

Solution: Make sure all flowers are facing forward before joining.

Clasp Coming Loose



Problem: Clasp or jump ring comes loose.

Solution: Use pliers to close the jump ring properly and check it is fully secure.

Bracelet Too Tight



Problem: Bracelet feels tight on the wrist.

Solution: Add a longer extender chain or use longer green connectors.

Bracelet Too Loose



Problem: Bracelet is too loose and moves a lot.

Solution: Use shorter connectors or a shorter extender chain.

9. Quick Troubleshooting Tips

- Keep your stitch count accurate.
- Use the recommended yarn and hook size.
- Block flowers if they curl.
- Make sure all connectors are the same size.
- Close jump rings securely with pliers.
- Check that all flowers face the same direction.
- Adjust the length to fit your wrist comfortably.
- Weave in all yarn ends.
- Test the clasp and extender chain before wearing.

10. Final Check Before Wearing

- Bracelet fits comfortably on your wrist.
- All flowers are even and neatly shaped.
- Connectors are secure and not loose.
- Clasp and extender chain are firmly attached.
- No loose ends or gaps.
- Ready to wear or gift!

Final Checklist, Care & Storage

KEEP YOUR BRACELET BEAUTIFUL FOR LONGER

1. Final Checklist

- All 6 flowers are completed and joined in the correct order.
- 5 green connectors are attached.
- Leaves added at both ends (optional).
- Lobster clasp is securely attached.
- Extender chain is securely attached.
- All stitches are neat and even.
- No loose ends or gaps.
- Flowers face the same direction.
- Front and back look neat.
- Bracelet length fits comfortably.
- Bracelet opens and closes smoothly.
- Yarn ends are hidden.
- Bracelet is flexible and comfortable.
- Finished and ready to wear or gift!

2. Finished Bracelet – Front and Back View



3. Wearing the Bracelet



- Lightweight and comfortable to wear.
- Perfect for everyday wear, special occasions or as a handmade gift.
- Adjustable size fits most wrists.

4. Care Instructions

- If needed, gently clean with a damp cloth and mild soap.
- Do not soak the bracelet in water.
- Let it air dry completely.
- Do not iron the bracelet.
- Keep away from harsh chemicals, perfume and sprays.
- Handle with care to keep the stitches neat.

5. Storage Recommendations



Store in a jewellery box or small pouch when not in use.



Use a soft pouch to protect it from dust and damage.



Keep it separate from sharp objects to maintain its shape.

6. Tips to Keep It Beautiful



Avoid pulling or stretching the flowers too much.



Keep away from direct sunlight for long periods.



Make sure the clasp and chain are closed when storing.



Gently reshape the flowers if needed.

7. Ready to Wear or Gift!



Your beautiful handmade flower bracelet is complete!

Enjoy wearing it or gift it to someone special!

Finished Project & Pattern Notes

YOUR BEAUTIFUL FLOWER BRACELET IS COMPLETE!

1. Finished Project – Multiple Views











2. Bracelet in Different Lighting







3. Pattern Summary

Skill Level	Beginner – Intermediate
Crochet Techniques	Magic ring, slip stitch, single crochet, half double crochet, double crochet, chain stitch
Flowers	6 crochet flowers (2 light pink, 2 white, 2 purple)
Connectors	5 green connectors
Leaves (optional)	2 small leaves (for ends)
Bracelet Hardware	1 lobster clasp, 1 extender chain, 2 jump rings
Finished Length	Approx. 15 – 20 cm (5.9 – 7.9 inches, adjustable)
Flower Size	Approx. 2.5 – 3 cm diameter (1 – 1.2 inches)
Yarn Type	Fine to medium weight yarn (cotton recommended)
Hook Size	2.0 – 3.5 mm (depending on yarn)

4. Customization Ideas



Different Color Combinations



Pastel Theme



Bold Colors



All White Flowers

5. Gift Ideas



A perfect handmade gift for birthdays, special occasions or for yourself!

6. Commercial Use Note (If Applicable)

You may sell finished bracelets made using this pattern. This pattern is for personal use and small business use for finished items only.

Please do not copy, share, resell or claim this pattern as your own design.

Give credit to the designer if you share your finished bracelet on social media. Thank you!

7. Thank You!

Thank You for Using This Pattern!

I hope you enjoyed making this crochet flower bracelet.

Happy Crocheting!